| Roll No | | Paper Code | | | प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक Question Booklet No. |
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| | | 3 5 7 | Question Bookiet No. | | |
| | (To be filled in the OMR Sheet) | | | | |
| O.M.R. Serial No. | | | | | प्रश्नपुस्तिका सीरीज Question Booklet Series |
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BBA (Sixth Semester) Examination, July-2022

BBA-604(N)

Management Information System

Time : 1:30 Hours

Maximum Marks-100

जब तक कहा न जाय, इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका को न खोलें

- निर्देश : 1. परीक्षार्थी अपने अनुक्रमांक, विषय एवं प्रश्नपुस्तिका की सीरीज का विवरण यथास्थान सही– सही भरें, अन्यथा मूल्यांकन में किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति की दशा में उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं परीक्षार्थी की होगी।
 - 2. इस प्रश्नपुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्न हैं, जिनमे से केवल 75 प्रश्नों के उत्तर परीक्षार्थियों द्वारा दिये जाने है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिये गये हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही उत्तर सही है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, अपने उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले या नीले बाल प्वांइट पेन से पूरा भर दें। यदि किसी परीक्षार्थी द्वारा किसी प्रश्न का एक से अधिक उत्तर दिया जाता है, तो उसे गलत उत्तर माना जायेगा।
 - प्रत्येक प्रश्न के अंक समान हैं। आप के जितने उत्तर सही होंगे, उन्हीं के अनुसार अंक प्रदान किये जायेंगे।
 - सभी उत्तर केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर ही दिये जाने हैं। उत्तर पत्रक में निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा अन्यत्र कहीं पर दिया गया उत्तर मान्य नहीं होगा।
 - 5. ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर पत्रक (O.M.R. ANSWER SHEET) पर कुछ भी लिखने से पूर्व उसमें दिये गये सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लिया जाय।
 - परीक्षा समाप्ति के उपरान्त परीक्षार्थी कक्ष निरीक्षक को अपनी ओ०एम०आर० शीट उपलब्ध कराने के बाद ही परीक्षा कक्ष से प्रस्थान करें।
 - 7. निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- महत्वपूर्ण : प्रश्नपुस्तिका खोलने पर प्रथमतः जॉच कर देख लें कि प्रश्नपुस्तिका के सभी पृष्ठ भलीमॉति छपे हुए हैं। यदि प्रश्नपुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो कक्ष निरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज की दूसरी प्रश्नपुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

K-357

- 1. Which type of database stores data in two-dimensional tables?
 - (A) Network
 - (B) Hierarchical
 - (C) Table
 - (D) Relational
- 2. More than one of the same component is an example of a ______ system.
 - (A) Scalable
 - (B) Redundant
 - (C) RAID
 - (D) Back up
- 3. A storage device that is connected directly to a network is an example of _____.
 - (A) Network attached storage
 - (B) Storage area network
 - (C) Direct attached storage
 - (D) RAID
- 4. _____ is the capability to continue as if nothing has happended, even after a major component failure.
 - (A) Redundancy
 - (B) Interoperability
 - (C) Fault tolerance
 - (D) Back up
- 5. An intranet that is accessible by outside workers:
 - (A) Firewall
 - (B) Extranet
 - (C) management information system
 - (D) P2PN

- 6. The expert system uses a (n) _____ to select the most appropriate response.
 - (A) Inference
 - (B) Decision support system
 - (C) Knowledge base
 - (D) Data source
- 7. The _____ can help you choose a product.
 - (A) Office automation system
 - (B) Management information system
 - (C) Transaction processing
 - (D) Decision support system
- 8. _____ involves using multi-sensory human-computer interface that enable human users to experience computer-simulated objects, spaces, activities, and "words" as if they actually exist.
 - (A) Virtual office
 - (B) Virtual reality
 - (C) Real reality
 - (D) Reality

9.

- is a field of science and technology based on disciplines such as computer science, biology, psychology, linguistics, mathematics and engineering.
 - (A) Natural intelligence
 - (B) Artificial intelligence
 - (C) Articulate intelligence
 - (D) None of the above
- 10. Which of the following level of managers develop short-and medium-range plans, schedules, and budgets and specify the policies, procedures, and business objectives for their sub- units of the company?
 - (A) Strategic
 - (B) Tactical
 - (C) Operational
 - (D) Front Line

- 11. Which computer based model is developed after human brain?
 - (A) Fuzzy logic
 - (B) Neural Network
 - (C) Virtual Reality
 - (D) All of the above
- 12. Which is not a domain of Artificial Intelligence?
 - (A) Virtual Reality
 - (B) Intelligent Agents
 - (C) Expert system
 - (D) None of the above
- 13. Data mining cannot be done if:
 - (A) Operational data has not been archived
 - (B) Earlier management decisions are not available
 - (C) The organization is large
 - (D) All processing had been only batch processing
- 14. A human order taker can be by passed when using a (n) _____.
 - (A) Office automation system
 - (B) Management information system
 - (C) Transaction processing system
 - (D) Decision support system
- 15. If you are a _____ recipients of sensitive information, such as might be overheard or contained in a misdirected email, this would not be illegal, but might be unethical to use it.
 - (A) Active
 - (B) Passive
 - (C) Proper
 - (D) Business

- 16. Customer numbers and their names would be an example of the _____ component of an order management information system.
 - (A) Software
 - (B) Hardware
 - (C) Data
 - (D) Procedure
- 17. Information systems can facilitate supply chain management by:
 - (A) Tracking the status
 - (B) Rapidly communicating orders
 - (C) Providing product specifications
 - (D) Doing all of the above
- 18. Tracking employee training, skills, and performance appraisals is an example of a human resource information system operating at the:
 - (A) Operational-level
 - (B) Management-level
 - (C) Knowledge-level
 - (D) Strategic-level
- 19. Information system that monitor the elementary activities and transactions of the organizations are:
 - (A) Management-level system
 - (B) Operational-level system
 - (C) Knowledge-level system
 - (D) Strategic-level system
- 20. The full form of DDL:
 - (A) Dynamic Data Language
 - (B) Detailed Data Language
 - (C) Data Definition Language
 - (D) Data Derivation Language

- 21. A DBMS query language is designed to:
 - (A) Support end users who use English-like commands
 - (B) Support in the development of complex applications software
 - (C) Specify the structure of a database
 - (D) All of the above
- 22. The database schema is written in:
 - (A) HLL
 - (B) DML
 - (C) DDL
 - (D) DCL
- 23. DML is provided for:
 - (A) Description of logical structure of database
 - (B) Addition of new structure in the database system
 - (C) Manipulation & processing of database
 - (D) Definition of physical structure of database system
- 24. _____ converts cipher text back into plaintext.
 - (A) Encryption
 - (B) A firewall
 - (C) Decryption
 - (D) An encoder
- 25. Which of these items is a major component of today's IT infrastructure?
 - (A) Data management technology
 - (B) Networking
 - (C) Technology services
 - (D) All of the above

- 26. The most creative and challenging phase of system life cycle is:
 - (A) Feasibility study
 - (B) Maintenance
 - (C) Design
 - (D) None of the above
- 27. A combination of a MIS and DSS is called _____ which helps top managers make decisions.
 - (A) GIS
 - (B) EIS
 - (C) EPI
 - (D) CAM
- 28. Accounting, finance, marketing and human resources are known as _____.
 - (A) Executive information systems
 - (B) Functional business areas
 - (C) Geographic information system
 - (D) Local information system
- 29. Data encryption concept is used for _____ purposes.
 - (A) Data hidden
 - (B) Data display
 - (C) Data processing
 - (D) Data transfer

30. GUI stands for _____.

- (A) Graphical user interface
- (B) Graphical user interactive
- (C) Graphical user integration
- (D) Graphical user inference

- 31. Problems that are routine and have well- defined relationships are called _____.
 - (A) Structured problems
 - (B) Programmed decisions
 - (C) Simple problems
 - (D) Heuristics
- 32. The current major stage in the business use of IS is oriented towards _____.
 - (A) Cost reduction and Productivity
 - (B) Gaining competitive advantage
 - (C) Strategic advantage and costs
 - (D) Improved customer relationship management
- 33. Information systems that support the firm in its interaction with its environment are said to be performing within the _____.
 - (A) Workgroup sphere of influence
 - (B) Global sphere of influence
 - (C) Enterprise sphere of influence
 - (D) Individual sphere of influence
- 34. _____ is a collection of single-application software packages in a bundle designed to work similarly so that once you learn the basics for one application, the other applications are easy to learn and use.
 - (A) Bundled software
 - (B) Software suite
 - (C) Productivity applications
 - (D) General purpose software
- 35. In general, the information system can also be described in terms of _____.
 - (A) Operations
 - (B) Functions
 - (C) Events
 - (D) Tasks

- 36. _____ is software programs that were developed for a general market and that can be purchased in a store.
 - (A) Proprietary software
 - (B) Off-the -shelf software
 - (C) Contract software
 - (D) Application software
- 37. _____ is any business-related exchange such as payments to employees, sales to customers, or payments to suppliers.
 - (A) Data
 - (B) E-commerce
 - (C) A transaction
 - (D) Input
- 38. Identifying customers and markets using data on demographics, markets, consumer behaviour, and trends is an example of:
 - (A) Operational-level sales and marketing information system
 - (B) Knowledge-level sales and marketing information system
 - (C) Management-level sales and marketing information system
 - (D) Strategic-level sales and marketing information system
- 39. During software development which factor is most crucial?
 - (A) People
 - (B) Process
 - (C) Product
 - (D) Project
- 40. Projections and responses to queries are information output characteristics associated with:
 - (A) dss
 - (B) mis
 - (C) ess
 - (D) tps

41. The Management Information System receives input from the:

- (A) eis.
- (B) es.
- (C) dss.
- (D) tps.

42. The accounting system is ______ whereas the demand forecasting system is ______.

- (A) Deterministic, probabilistic
- (B) probabilistic, deterministic
- (C) Open, close
- (D) Close, open
- 43. The project team is composed of the system professionals who are directly responsible for _____ the system.
 - (A) Testing
 - (B) Building
 - (C) Deleting
 - (D) Innovating
- 44. _____ gives the computer the ability to make suggestions and act like an expert in a particular field.
 - (A) Decision support systems
 - (B) Virtual reality systems
 - (C) Management information systems
 - (D) Expert systems
- 45. _____ is a form of transaction processing in which all transactions are collected into a group and processed together.
 - (A) Accumulation processing
 - (B) Batch processing
 - (C) Data collection
 - (D) Data collection

- 46. The component of a decision support system that provides decision makers access to a variety of models and assists them in decision making is called the _____.
 - (A) Model base
 - (B) Model management software
 - (C) Database
 - (D) Dialogue manager
- 47. Assembling a product, identifying customers and hiring employees are:
 - (A) Transactions
 - (B) Phases
 - (C) Business processes
 - (D) Business functions
- 48. Which is the most popular database model?
 - (A) Network model
 - (B) Relational model
 - (C) Hierarchical model
 - (D) Object oriented
- 49. RAD stands for:
 - (A) Rotate application development
 - (B) Register application development
 - (C) Related application development
 - (D) Rapid application development
- 50. CASE Tool is:
 - (A) Computer aided software engineering
 - (B) Component aided software engineering
 - (C) Constructive aided software engineering
 - (D) Computer analysis software engineering

- 51. The advantages of creating a prototype are:
 - (A) It allows developers to experiment with number of different design options
 - (B) It can serve as means of communication between developers and customers
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
- 52. _____ is the information about data.
 - (A) Data
 - (B) Meta-data
 - (C) Entity
 - (D) Relations
- 53. Which phase in not available in software life cycle?
 - (A) Coding
 - (B) Testing
 - (C) Maintenance
 - (D) Abstraction
- 54. In the spiral model risk analysis is performed:
 - (A) In the first loop
 - (B) In the first and second loop
 - (C) In every loop
 - (D) Before using spiral model
- 55. An application where only one user accesses the database at a given time is an example of a (n):
 - (A) Single-user database application
 - (B) Multiuser database application
 - (C) E-commerce database application
 - (D) Data mining database application

- 56. Enterprise systems support:
 - (A) Manufacturing processes
 - (B) Financial and accounting processes
 - (C) Human resource processes
 - (D) All of the above
- 57. Deciding where to locate new production facility is an example of a manufacturing and production information system operating at the:
 - (A) Operational level
 - (B) Management level
 - (C) knowledge level
 - (D) Strategic level
- 58. Prototype is a:
 - (A) Working model of existing system
 - (B) Mini model of existing system
 - (C) Mini model of processed system
 - (D) None of the above
- 59. The _____ component plays a decision rule for the computer.
 - (A) Program
 - (B) Statements
 - (C) Input data
 - (D) Conditions
- 60.

_____ is the fact that are properly arranged, classified and organized.

- (A) Data
- (B) Events
- (C) Statements
- (D) Information

- 61. A ______ is an abstraction or an approximation that is used to represent reality.
 - (A) Model
 - (B) System parameter
 - (C) System performance standard
 - (D) System
- 62. _____ organizational structure employs individuals, groups, or complete business units in geographically dispersed areas who may never meet face to face in the same room.
 - (A) Traditional
 - (B) Virtual
 - (C) Multidimensional
 - (D) Matrix
- 63. The direct, computer-to-computer exchange of standardized, common business transaction documents between business partners, suppliers, and customers is
 - (A) edi
 - (B) es
 - (C) eis
 - (D) erp
- 64. The ______ information system deals with the flow of information about people working in the organization.
 - (A) Record
 - (B) Transaction
 - (C) Personnel
 - (D) Blocked

65. The information generated at regular intervals is a ______ information.

- (A) Depositing
- (B) Saving
- (C) Recurring
- (D) Collecting

- 66. ______ system is concerned with the way information is used for purpose of control and applied technologies.
 - (A) Feedback
 - (B) Interview
 - (C) Interaction
 - (D) Conference
- 67. Information systems that monitor the elementary activities and transactions of the organizations are _____.
 - (A) Management-level systems
 - (B) Operational-level systems
 - (C) Knowledge-level systems
 - (D) Strategic systems
- 68. The translation of strategic and organizational goals into system development initiatives is called _____.
 - (A) System development
 - (B) Information systems planning
 - (C) Project planning
 - (D) Project definition
- 69. _____ is an awareness and understanding of a set of information and ways that information can be made useful to support a specific task or reach a decision.
 - (A) Knowledge
 - (B) Data
 - (C) Feedback
 - (D) A process
- 70. Which of the following is not a characteristic of good information?
 - (A) Interchangeability
 - (B) Relevance
 - (C) Cost effectiveness
 - (D) Timeliness

- 71. What are the qualities of a good software?
 - (A) Reusability
 - (B) Portability
 - (C) Inter-operability
 - (D) All of the above
- 72. Customer numbers and their names would be an example of the ______ component of an order management information system.
 - (A) Software
 - (B) Hardware
 - (C) Data
 - (D) Procedure

73. _____ means that information must reach the recipients within the prescribe timer frame.

- (A) Duration
- (B) Period
- (C) Timeliness
- (D) Time
- 74. SCM stands for _____.
 - (A) Supply chain method
 - (B) Supply collection management
 - (C) Supply chain management
 - (D) Search chain management
- 75. In database handling ______ reports used by software for data.
 - (A) Condition
 - (B) Specific
 - (C) Periodic
 - (D) Demand

- 76. In _____ type of processing, data is processed immediately after a transaction occurs.
 - (A) Batch
 - (B) Parallel
 - (C) Sequence
 - (D) Real time
- 77. _____ processing is considered as the classical method of processing data.
 - (A) Batch
 - (B) Group
 - (C) Sequence
 - (D) Real

78.

- ______ sub system covers granting of credit and cost management.
 - (A) Accounting
 - (B) Purchase
 - (C) Personnel
 - (D) Sales
- 79. Critical information for top management is provided by _____ information system.
 - (A) Expert
 - (B) Executive
 - (C) Decision
 - (D) Managerial
- 80. _____ is factors that are essential to the success of certain functional areas of an organization.
 - (A) Mission-critical factors
 - (B) Critical success factors
 - (C) Performance objectives
 - (D) Strategic factors

- 81. Which of the following is NOT a goal of transaction processing systems?
 - (A) Capture, process, and store transactions
 - (B) Produce a variety of documents related to routine business activities
 - (C) Reduce manual effort associated with processing business transactions
 - (D) Produce standard reports used for management decision making
- 82. Using ______ a decision maker can make hypothetical changes to problem data and observe the impact on the results.
 - (A) Simulation
 - (B) What-if analysis
 - (C) Optimization
 - (D) Goal-seeking analysis
- 83. GDSS is the short form of:
 - (A) Group decision support system
 - (B) Group discussion support system
 - (C) Group decision service system
 - (D) Group discussion support source
- 84. The basic component(s) of DSS is (are):
 - (A) Database
 - (B) Model base
 - (C) DSS software system
 - (D) All of the above
- 85. MIS normally found in a manufacturing organization will not be suitable in the .
 - (A) Service sector
 - (B) Banking sector
 - (C) Agriculture sector
 - (D) All of the above

- 86. The flow of information through MIS is:
 - (A) Need dependent
 - (B) Organization dependent
 - (C) Information dependent
 - (D) Management dependent
- 87. The back bone of any organization is:
 - (A) Information
 - (B) Employee
 - (C) Management
 - (D) Capital
- 88. For a manager, the most important attribute of information quality is _____.
 - (A) Media
 - (B) Presentation
 - (C) Relevance
 - (D) Manipulation
- 89. When a bank uses information to launch a personalized credit card product _____.
 - (A) This reduces costs
 - (B) This adds value
 - (C) This manages risk
 - (D) Creates opportunity
- 90. Mainframe computer is for _____.
 - (A) Defense dept. only
 - (B) MSME enterprises
 - (C) Large corporates
 - (D) Soloprenuers

- 91. The full form of IoT is _____.
 - (A) Internet of technology
 - (B) Interconnection of things
 - (C) Internet operating technology
 - (D) Internet of things
- 92. AI stands for _____.
 - (A) Artificial Internet
 - (B) Artificial Intelligence
 - (C) Analytical Intelligence
 - (D) Actual Intelligence
- 93. _____ is the first step in the SDLC.
 - (A) Design Development
 - (B) Data Analysis
 - (C) Documentation
 - (D) Problem Identification
- 94. _____ is the real world object.
 - (A) Records
 - (B) Attribute
 - (C) Characteristic
 - (D) Entity
- 95. E-business is not possible without _____.
 - (A) Intranet
 - (B) Extranet
 - (C) Internet
 - (D) PC

- A digital firm is one where organization's operations are 96. (A) Completely mobilized (B) Digitally enabled (C) Digitally marketed (D) Highly outsourced Information technology is the combination of computer science and _____. 97. (A) Telecommunications (B) Electronics (C) Digital marketing (D) Networking Management information system is _____ human-machine based system. 98. (A) An interpreted (B) An interstellar (C) An integrated (D) An interdependent 99. The Management Information System receives input from the _____. (A) SSL (B) GPS (C) TPS (D) LMS The information of MIS comes from the boot source. 100. (A) Internal (B) External (C) Superficial
 - (D) Internal and external

Rough Work / रफ कार्य

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- Examinee should enter his / her roll number, subject and Question Booklet Series correctly in the O.M.R. sheet, the examinee will be responsible for the error he / she has made.
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- 3. Every question has same marks. Every question you attempt correctly, marks will be given according to that.
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